## Ph.D. Comprehensive Examination Complex Analysis

## August 2022

Justify your answers thoroughly. For any theorem that you wish to cite, you should either give its name or a statement of the theorem.

## Part I. Do three of these problems.

I.1. Consider the integral

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1 + (x - 2i)^2}$$

Let us make the change of variable z = x - 2i. Then

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dz}{1+z^2} = \pi.$$

Explain why the solution is wrong and compute the correct answer.

**I.2.** Let  $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1\}$  and  $f : D \setminus \{0\} \to \mathbb{C}$  holomorphic (analytic). Suppose that for some  $\varepsilon > 0$ ,  $|f(z)| \le |\log |z||$  if  $0 < |z| < \varepsilon$ . Show that the singularity at z = 0 is removable.

**I.3.** Suppose that f is analytic in the punctured unit disc  $D \setminus \{0\}$  and that z = 0 is an essential singularity for f. Prove that f cannot be one-to-one on  $D \setminus \{0\}$ .

**I.4.** Give an example of a function f analytic in the unit disc D such that  $f'(z) \neq 0$  for any  $z \in D$  but f is not injective on D. (Prove your assertions.)

Part II on next page

## Part II. Do two of these problems.

**II.1.** Let

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{n!}.$$

Prove that f is analytic in the unit disc D and cannot be analytically continued to any domain G containing D.

**II.2.** Suppose f is analytic in the unit disk and |f(z)| < 1 when |z| < 1. Suppose that f(1/2) = 0. Prove that  $|f(0)| \le 1/2$ .

**II.3.** Let  $G = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \text{Im}(z) > 0, |z - 2i| > 1\}$ . Find a conformal isomorphism between G and the annulus  $A = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : 1 < |z| < R\}$ , where the value of R is to be determined.